(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020



KPMG AI Fozan & Partners Certified Public Accountants

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Independent auditor's report on review of condensed interim financial statements

To the Shareholders of Bidaya Home Finance Company

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim financial statements of Bidaya Home Finance Company (the "Company"), which comprises:

- the condensed interim statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020;
- the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month period ended 31 March 2020;
- the condensed interim statement of changes in equity for the three-month period ended 31 March 2020;
- the condensed interim statement of cash flows for the three-month period ended 31 March 2020; and
- the notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' ("IAS 34") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 31 March 2020 condensed interim financial statements of the Company are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 18 to the condensed interim financial statements, which describes that the Company has received penalty notices from the General Authority of Zakat and Tax for late settlement of a portion of the VAT due from the Company. The Company has filed objections, and the ultimate outcome of the matter cannot be presently determined. A provision for the penalty has been recognized based on management's best estimate. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For KPMG AI Fozan & Partners Certified Public Accountants



Kholoud A. Mousa Altambakti License No: 421

21 Ramadan 1441H Corresponding to 14 May 2020



(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000) As at 31 March 2020

ASSETS	<u>Notes</u>	31 March <u>2020</u>	31 December <u>2019</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	5	35,672	377,860
Investments held at fair value through other comprehensive income		907	002
("FVOCI")	(893	893
Ijara receivables, net	6	1,929,715	1,787,568
Prepaid Zakat	7	1,782	2,713
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables Right-of-use asset	7	139,166 865	111,116 1,305
Intangible assets, net		805 12,313	1,505
Property and equipment, net		6,297	6,689
Total assets		2,126,703	2,300,684
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Financing facilities – secured	9	276,694	500,000
Sukuk	10	550,000	550,000
Lease liability		376	1,196
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	8	444,649	400,757
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		2,288	2,527
Total liabilities		1,274,007	1,454,480
Share capital	12	900,000	900,000
Statutory reserves	13	1,734	1,085
Accumulated losses		(49,038)	(54,881)
Total Shareholders' equity		852,696	846,204
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		2,126,703	2,300,684

BIDAYA HOME FINANCE COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

	<u>Notes</u>	For the three- month period ended 31 <u>March 2020</u>	For the three- month period ended 31 March 2019 (Restated)
REVENUE			
Ijara income		29,666	21,639
Fee income		3,379	5,207
Servicing income		1,869	632
Total revenue		34,914	27,478
OPERATING EXPENSES General and administrative expenses	14 15	(15,131)	(13,797)
Selling and marketing expenses Depreciation	15	(3,849) (988)	(4,089) (754)
Amortization		(738)	(332)
Impairment charge for credit losses	6.2, 7.1	(1,000)	(2,563)
Finance charges	0.2, 7.1	(10,359)	(4,289)
Total operating expense for the period	-	(32,065)	(25,824)
	-		
Operating income for the period		2,849	1,654
Realized gain on sale of investments held at FVTPL			58
Profit on time deposit		42	
Gain arising on modification of terms of financial liabilities	22	4,532	
Net profit for the period before Zakat		7,423	1,712
Zakat charge for the period	11, 21	(931)	(171)
Net profit for the period after Zakat	-	6,492	1,541
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	6,492	1,541
Earnings per share – basic and diluted (in SAR)	17	0.07	0.02

BIDAYA HOME FINANCE COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000)

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

	Share <u>capital</u>	Statutory <u>reserve</u>	Accumulated <u>losses</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance as at 1 January 2020	900,000	1,085	(54,881)	846,204
Net profit for the period after Zakat			6,492	6,492
Other comprehensive income				
Total comprehensive income for the period Transfer to statutory reserve		 649	6,492 (649)	6,492
Balance at 31 March 2020	900,000	1,734	(49,038)	852,696
Balance at 1 January 2019	900,000	<u></u>	(64,648)	835,352
Net profit for the period after Zakat (restated)			1,541	1,541
Other comprehensive income				
Total comprehensive income for the period (restated) Transfer to statutory reserve		 171	1,541 (171)	1,541
Balance at 31 March 2019	900,000	171	(63,278)	836,893

BIDAYA HOME FINANCE COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW (UNAUDITED) (Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000)

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

	<u>Notes</u>	For the three-month period ended 31 <u>March</u> <u>2020</u>	For the three- month period ended 31 <u>March 2019</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net profit for the period before Zakat		7,423	1,712
Non-cash adjustments to reconcile net profit for the period to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation		988	754
Amortization		738	332
Finance charges		10,359	4,289
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		101	185
Impairment charge for credit losses	6.2, 7.1	1,000	2,563
Profit on time deposit		(42)	
Realized gain on sale of investments held at FVTPL			(58)
Gain araising on modification of terms of financial			()
liabilities		(4,532)	
		16,035	9,777
Increase in operating assets			
Ijara receivables		(206,935)	(231,387)
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(31,256)	(108,681)
decrease in operating liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		45,117	92,566
		(177,039)	(237,725)
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(340)	
Finance charges paid		(9,232)	(3,852)
Profit on time deposit received		42	
Net cash used in operating activities		(186,569)	(241,577)
Cook flows from investing activities			
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property and equipment		(156)	(162)
Purchase of intangible assets		(511)	(102)
Purchase of investments held at FVTPL		(••••)	(30,000)
Proceeds from sale of investments held at FVTPL			83,058
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities		(667)	52,747
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from sale of portfolio		65,873	207,004
Payment of lease liabilities		(825)	(445)
Proceeds from financing facilities – secured		180,000	50,000
Repayment of financing facilities - secured		(400,000)	(70,000)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		(154,952)	186,559
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(342,188)	(2,271)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		377,860	14,440
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		35,672	12,169

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

1. <u>THE COMPANY AND THE NATURE OF OPERATIONS</u>

Bidaya Home Finance Company (the "Company") is a Saudi closed joint stock company established under the Regulations for Companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. The Company operates under Commercial Registration No. 1010432564 issued in Riyadh on 25 Jumada II 1436H (corresponding to 14 April 2015). The Company was granted a full license by Saudi Arabian Monetary Authority ("SAMA") to operate as a mortgage finance company vide license number 41/ غ ش/201512 dated 3 Rabi I 1437H (corresponding to 14 December 2015).

The objectives of the Company are to provide home financing to consumers for the purchase of homes (new homes, ready homes and off plan construction homes) and providing finance to home owners against security of their homes.

The registered office of the Company with its postal address is as follows:

Bidaya Home Finance Company 20th Floor of Ibdeh Tower King Fahad Road P.O. Box 93898 Riyadh 11683 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

2. <u>BASIS OF PREPARATION</u>

2.1 Statement of compliance

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended 31 March 2020 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia ("KSA") and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organisation for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA").

The financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended 31 March 2019 were prepared in compliance with the IAS 34 and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") respectively, as modified by SAMA for the accounting of Zakat and income tax (relating to the application of IAS 12 – "Income Taxes" and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Council ("IFRIC") 21 – "Levies" in so far as these relate to Zakat and income tax) and the By-laws of the Company and the Regulations for Companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

On 18 July 2019, SAMA instructed the finance companies in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to account for the Zakat and income taxes in the statement of profit or loss. This aligns with the IFRS and its interpretations as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia ("KSA"), and with the other standards and pronouncements that are issued by SOCPA (collectively referred to as "IFRS as endorsed in KSA").

Accordingly, the Company changed its accounting treatment for Zakat by retrospectively adjusting the impact in line with IAS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (as disclosed in note 4), and the effects of this change are disclosed in note 21 to the condensed interim financial statements.

These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjuction with the Company's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2019.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the measurement at fair value of investments held at FVTPL and investments held at FVOCI.

(Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000)

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

2. <u>BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)</u>

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These condensed interim financial statements have been presented in Saudi Arabian Riyals (SAR), as it is the functional currency of the Company. Except as indicated, the financial information presented in SAR has been rounded-off to the nearest thousand.

2.4 Order of liquidity

Assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position are presented in the order of liquidity.

3. <u>SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The accounting policies, estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2019.

4. <u>CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING FOR ZAKAT</u>

As mentioned above, the basis of preparation has been changed for the period ended 31 March 2019 as a result of the issuance of latest instructions from SAMA dated 18 July 2019. Previously, Zakat was recognized in the statement of changes in equity as per the SAMA circular no 381000074519 dated 11 April 2017. With the latest instructions issued by SAMA dated 18 July 2019, the Zakat shall be recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has accounted for this change in the accounting for Zakat retrospectively, and the effects of the above change are disclosed in note 21 to the condensed interim financial statements. The change has resulted in a decrease of reported income of the Company for the three-month period ended 31 March 2019 by SAR 0.17 million. The change has had no impact on the statement of cash flows for the three-month period ended 31 March 2019.

5. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>

	31 March 2020	31 December 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Cash in hand	5	5
Cash at bank – current accounts	35,667	37,855
Time deposits		340,000
	35,672	377,860

6. IJARA RECEIVABLES, NET

		31 March 2020	31 December 2019
	Note	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Gross Ijara receivables		3,593,446	3,400,258
Less: Unearned income		(1,655,631)	(1,603,505)
	6.1	1,937,815	1,796,753
Less: Impairment allowance for credit losses	6.2	(8,100)	(9,185)
Ijara receivables, net	_	1,929,715	1,787,568

BIDAYA HOME FINANCE COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000)

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

6. IJARA RECEIVABLES, NET (CONTINUED)

6.1 The credit quality of Ijara receivables is as follows

		31 December
	31 March 2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Neither past due nor impaired	1,630,275	1,569,605
Past due but not impaired	226,022	155,701
Impaired	81,518	71,447
	1,937,815	1,796,753

The fair value of collateral of impaired Ijara receivables held by the Company based on the appraisal at the time of origination was SAR 2.89 billion (31 December 2019: SAR 2.51 billion).

As at 31 March 2020, the ageing of past due but not impaired installments and the related balances of Ijara receivables are as follows:

		31 March 2020 (Unaudited)		ber 2019 ited)
	Ijara receivables	Past due instalments	Ijara receivables	Past due instalments
01 – 30 days	135,313	1,144	94,857	942
31 – 60 days	70,665	971	47,836	1,414
61 –90 days	20,044	591	13,008	215
Total	226,022	2,706	155,701	2,571

6.2 The movement in the impairment allowance for credit losses for the period is as follows:

	31 March 2020	31 December 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning balance	9,185	7,653
(Reversal) / Charge for the period	(1,085)	2,726
Written off during the period		(1,194)
Closing balance	8,100	9,185

The following table shows reconciliations from the opening to the closing balance of the loss allowance by class of financial instruments.

	31 March 2020 (Unaudited)				
		Life time			
		ECL not	Lifetime		
		credit	ECL credit		
	12 month ECL	impaired	impaired	Total	
Balance at 1 January 2019	937	1,125	7,123	9,185	
Transfer to 12-month ECL	1,081	(463)	(618)		
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit impaired	(96)	627	(531)		
Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired	(35)	(95)	130		
Net charge for the period	(788)	882	(1,179)	(1,085)	
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,099	2,076	4,925	8,100	

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000)

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

6. IJARA RECEIVABLES, NET (CONTINUED)

	31 December 2019 (Audited)					
		Life time ECL Lifetime				
		not credit	ECL credit			
	12 month ECL	impaired	impaired	Total		
Balance at 1 January 2019	2,302	2,751	2,600	7,653		
Transfer to 12-month ECL	110	(77)	(33)			
Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit						
impaired	(667)	708	(41)			
Transfer to lifetime ECL credit impaired	(1,406)	(1,254)	2,660			
Write off			(1,194)	(1,194)		
Net charge for the period	598	(1,003)	3,131	2,726		
Balance as at 31 December 2019	937	1,125	7,123	9,185		

6.3 The maturity of Ijara receivables based on contractual maturity is as follows:

	31 March 2020 (Unaudited)				
	Not later than one year	Later than one period but not later than five years	Later than five year	Total	
Ijara receivables	188,110	<u>511,503</u>	2,893,833	3,593,446	
Unearned income	(110,087)	(322,153)	(1,223,391)	(1,655,631)	
	78,023	189,350	1,670,442	1,937,815	
Impairment allowance for credit losses				(8,100)	
			_	1,929,715	
		31 December 20	19 (Audited)		
	Not later than one year	Later than one period but not later than five years	Later than five years	Total	
Ijara receivables	173,844	480,370	2,746,044	3,400,258	
Unearned income	(104,967)	(306,551)	(1,191,987)	(1,603,505)	
	68,877	173,819	1,554,057	1,796,753	
Impairment allowance for credit losses				(9,185)	
			_	1,787,568	

The Company's implicit rate of return on Ijara receivables ranges between 4.65% to 12.54% per annum (31 December 2019: 4.63% to 12.02% per annum). Term of Ijara receivables at origination ranges from five to thirty years.

7. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		31 March	31 December
		2020	2019
	Notes	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Accrued Ijara income, net	7.1	17,559	18,091
Prepayments		8,162	9,596
Deferred sales commission		8,305	7,509
Security deposit		270	270
Other receivables	7.2, 18	43,342	17,532
VAT rebate receivable from Ministry of Housing	7.3, 18	61,528	58,118
		139,166	111,116

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

7. <u>DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)</u>

7.1 The balance of accrued Ijara income is as follows:

	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Accrued Ijara income	23,877	22,324
Less: Impairment allowance for credit losses	(6,318)	(4,233)
Closing balance	17,559	18,091

The movement in impairment allowance for credit losses for the period is as follows:

	31 March 2020	31 December 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Beginning balance	4,233	
Charge for the period	2,085	
Closing balance	6,318	4,233

7.2 Other receivables includes cash collateral in respect of a letter of guarantee for SAR 29.18 million issued in favor of GAZT. The guarantee is in relation to a portion of the appeal filed by the Company in relation to the penalties imposed by the GAZT (see note 18).

7.3 This represents the receivable from Ministry of Housing (MOH) against the VAT payable by the Company on the portion of Ijarah financing orginated subject to VAT relief for first home buyers.

8. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	Notes	31 March 2020 (Unaudited)	31 December 2019 (Audited)
Accounts payable		28,997	26,417
Down payment against Ijara financing	8.1	13,324	12,196
Accrued expenses		15,794	12,681
Directors' remuneration and meeting expenses		2,395	1,909
Deferred commission income		13,141	13,326
Payable to Ministry of Housing (MOH)	8.2	353,625	316,224
VAT payable to General Authority of Zakat and Tax			
("GAZT")		11,373	12,004
Provision for penalties relating to VAT	18	6,000	6,000
		444,649	400,757

- 8.1. This pertains to down payment received by the Company against Ijara financing not executed as at the period end.
- 8.2. This represents balance payable to MOH in relation to purchase of properties which are financed to Ijara receivable customers.

9. <u>FINANCING FACILITIES – SECURED</u>

This represents borrowings obtained from a bank based in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and Saudi Real Estate Refinance Company ("SRC"). These borrowings are secured by the assignment of proceeds from certain Ijara receivables and pledge of title deeds of underlying real estate assets. These borrowings are revolving in nature and carry markup at commercial market rates and are repayable during the year 2020. In response to the COVID-19, SAMA launched the deferral payment program to support the finance companies and the Company is eligible for the deferral of its financing instalment payments for a period of six months in accordance with such program as disclosed in note 22.

BIDAYA HOME FINANCE COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000)

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

10. <u>SUKUK</u>

The Company issued unsecured non-convertible unlisted sukuk amounting to SAR 550 million (31 December 2019: SAR 550 million) carrying a profit at agreed fixed rates payable semi-annually. Out of the sukuks issued, SAR 250 million will mature in 2020 and the remaining SAR 300 million will mature in 2021.

11. <u>ZAKAT</u>

During the three-month period ended 31 March 2020, the Company has made a Zakat provision of SAR 0.93 million (31 March 2019: SAR 0.17 million).

12. <u>SHARE CAPITAL</u>

As at 31 March 2020, the authorised, issued and fully paid-up share capital of the Company was SAR 900 million (31 December 2019: SAR 900 million) divided into 90 million shares (31 December 2019: 90 million) with a nominal value of SAR 10 each, as follows:

Name of shareholders	Number of shares '000	Holding Percentage (%)	Amount SAR'000
Public Investment Fund	20,000	22.2	200,000
Islamic Corporation for the Development of the Private			
Sector	18,000	20.0	180,000
Rashed and his Partner's for Development (RECO)*	15,300	17.0	153,000
Manafea International	10,000	11.1	100,000
The Arab Investment Company	10,000	11.1	100,000
Al Othaim Holding	10,000	11.1	100,000
El Khereji Investments Company	3,200	3.6	32,000
Mohammad Bin AdbulAziz Al Rahji & Sons	2,000	2.2	20,000
Jawahir Investment Company	1,500	1.7	15,000
	90,000	100	900,000

*formerly known as Rashed Abdul Rahman Al Rashed and Sons

13. <u>STATUTORY RESERVES</u>

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, the Company sets aside 10% of its net profit each period as statutory reserve until such reserve equals to 30% of the share capital.

14. <u>GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES</u>

	For the three-	For the three-
	month period	month period
	ended 31 March	ended 31 March
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Salaries and employee related expenses	8,924	7,499
Professional fees	1,429	1,428
Rent and premises related expenses	277	267
Directors' remuneration and meeting expenses	524	470
IT expenses	1,500	2,161
Repair and maintenance and other expenses	2,477	1,972
	15,131	13,797

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000)

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

15. <u>SELLING AND MARKETING EXPENSES</u>

	For the three- month period	For the three-month period ended
	ended 31 March	31 March
	2020	2018
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Advertising and marketing expenses	494	914
Salaries and employee related expenses	1,954	1,414
Financed property evaluation and Takaful	1,401	1,761
	3,849	4,089

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties of the Company include the shareholders and their affiliated entities and certain key management personnel. In the ordinary course of its activities, the Company transacts business with its related parties on mutually agreed terms. Key management personnel includes the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and the personnel directly reporting to the CEO. Entity under common management has the Chairman of the Board who is the CEO of the Company.

The significant transactions with related parties during the period and the related balances are as follows:

Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	Amount of transactions for the three-month period ended 31 March 2020 (Unaudited)	Amount of transactions for the three-month period ended 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)
Naif Saleh Ali Al Hamdan	Chairman	Installment payment for Ijara financing	40	31
Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	Balance at 31 March 2020 (Unaudited)	Balance at 31 December 2019 (Audited)
Saudi Finance Lease Registry Company (SIJIL) Naif Saleh Ali Al Hamdan	Common Management Chairman	Investment held at FVOCI Ijara financing	893 1,609	893 1,649

The amount of compensations recorded in favor of or paid to the Board of Directors and the executive management personnel during the period are as follows:

Name of related parties	Nature of transactions		Amount of
		Amount of	transactions for
		transactions for the	the three-
		three-month period	month period
		ended 31 March	ended 31
		2020	March 2018
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Key Management Personnel	Salaries and benefits	1,727	1,469
	Provision for end of service benefits	66	56
	Payments for end of service benefits	164	
	Directors'remuneration and meeting expenses	524	470

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

16. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (CONTINUED)</u>

Name of related parties	Nature of transactions	Balance at 31 March 2019 (Unaudtied)	Balance at 31 December 2019 (Audited)
Key Management Personnel	Salaries and benefits		
	Provision for end of service benefits	836	783
	Directors' remuneration and meeting expenses	2,395	1,909

17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share for the period is calculated by dividing net profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares (90 million shares) in issue during the period.

18. <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</u>

Contigencies

During the period ended 31 December 2019, the GAZT has imposed penalties amounting to SAR 23.98 million on the Company for late settlement of a portion of the VAT due from the Company covering the period from January 2018 to August 2019. The VAT in question relates to the first SAR 850,000 of the purchase price of a home by a first time buyer which, under guidance issued by GAZT after the initial introduction of VAT, is required to be paid to GAZT by the lender and then reclaimed from Ministry of Housing.

The Company objected to this treatment on a number of grounds and declined to make such payments until such time as the process around the grossing up, settlement and subsequent reclaiming of such VAT was clarified. The process was clarified in a SAMA circular issued during August 2019. The Company subsequently agreed the amounts due in terms of the SAMA circular with GAZT and settled the resulting liability during December 2019.

The Company has formally appealed against the imposition of these penalties by GAZT. The Company believes that the appeal against the penalty will be successful on the basis that it has not acted unreasonably in this regard, that the VAT in question should not have been levied in the first instance, and that the penalty is retrospective given that the GAZT guidance and subsequent SAMA clarification only became effective after the assessment period.

The Company believes that its appeal against the imposition of these penalties will be successful. However, it recognizes that uncertainty exists regarding the eventual outcome of such appeal and that precedence exists for such matters to be settled by negotiation prior to the conclusion of the appeal process. Taking all potential outcomes and the uncertainty attached to each into consideration, the Company has determined that it would be prudent to provide against a portion of the penalties raised. It has therefore provided for an amount approximating 25% of the penalties claimed by GAZT.

Recognition of the remaining amount is contingent on the Company losing its appeal in this regard, or a change in the Company's assessment of the likelihood of eventual outcome. The first leg of the Company's appeal has been rebutted by GAZT and the appeal has now moved to the premier court. The Company had anticipated this at the time of appeal and this development does not alter the Company's assessment of likely outcome.

As required under the appeals procedure specified by the GAZT, the Company has submitted a bank guarantee for the items appealed against amounting to SAR 7.72 million. An additional guarantee was issued by the Company in January 2020 amounting to SAR 21.25 million for the penalties imposed by GAZT in December 2019.

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

18. <u>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)</u>

Commitments

The Company has facilities approved but not utilized, indicative offers issued which are under consideration of the customers and due diligence in progress as of the reporting date which have the potential to convert into financing, amounting to SAR 47.58 million (31 December 2019: SAR 78.96 million).

At the end of the period, the Company has commitments of SAR 507.45 million against forward Ijara tranches payable to the developers of the properties (31 December 2019: SAR 391.76 million)

The commitments fall due in tranches as the developers of each of the properties complete pre-agreed phases of the construction. The period over which the properties are constructed, and hence the period over which the committed tranches fall due, is approximately two years.

19. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Company.

Financial instruments comprise of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets consist of cash and cash equivalents, investments held at FVTPL, investments held at FVOCI, Ijara receivables, and deposits and other receivables. Financial liabilities consist of short-term financing, debt securities, and accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above. Assets at fair values are as follows:

	31 March 2020 (Unaudited)						
	Carrying value Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total						
<u>Financial assets measured at fair</u> <u>value</u>							
Investments held at FVOCI	893			893	893		
	893			893	893		

(A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

19. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

	31 December 2019 (Audited)						
Financial assets measured at fair value	Carrying value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Investments held at FVOCI	893			893	893		
=	31 March 2020 (Unaudited)						
-	Carrying	31 Marci	1 2020 (Unat	luiteu)			
	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>		
Financial assets not measured at fair							
value							
Cash and cash equivalents	35,672	35,672			35,672		
Ijara receivables	1,937,815			1,614,095	1,614,095		
Deposits and other receivables	<u>122,699</u> 2,096,186	35,672		<u>122,699</u> 1,736,794	<u>122,699</u> 1,772,466		
-	_,			_,,	_,,		
		31 I	December 20	19			
Financial assets not measured at fair	Carrying						
value	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>		
Cash and bank balance	377,860	377,860			377,860		
Ijara receivables, net	1,796,753			1,474,775	1,474,775		
Deposits and other receivables	94,011	077 0 (0)		94,011	94,011		
	2,268,624	377,860		1,568,786	1,946,646		
	31 March 2020 (Unaudited)						
Financial liabilities not measured at	Carrying						
<u>fair value</u>	<u>value</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>		
Financing facilities – secured	276,694			276,694	276,694		
Sukuk	550,000			559,013	559,013		
Finance lease liability Accrued expenses and other current	376			376	376		
liabilities	414,135			414,135	414,135		
	1,241,205			1,250,218	1,250,218		
		21.5		10			
	Carrying	311	December 20	19			
	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial liabilities not measured at fair	value			<u>Lever 5</u>	<u>10tai</u>		
value							
Financing facilities - secured	500,000			500,000	500,000		
Sukuk	550,000			523,504	523,504		
Finance lease liability	1,196			1,196	1,196		
Accrued expenses and other current							
liabilities	369,427			369,427	369,427		
	1,420,623			1,394,127	1,394,127		

The fair value of Ijara receivables is based on actual cash flows discounted by average period end internal rate of return, and is not evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, hence the fair value of Ijara receivables is classified under level 3.

During the three-month period ended 31 March 2020, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3.

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

20. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

The Company's objective is to provide financing for real estate leases in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. All assets, liabilities and operations as reflected in the condensed interim statement of financial position and condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income belongs to the real estate financing segment.

21. IMPACT OF CHANGE IN ACCONTING FOR ZAKAT

The change in the accounting treatment for Zakat as explained in note 4 has the following impact on the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and changes in equity:

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2019				
Financial statement		Before the restatement for the three- month period ended 31	Effect of	As restated for the three- month period ended
impacted	Account	March 2019	restatement	31 March 2019
Statement of Changes in Equity	Zakat charge for the period	(171)	171	
Statement of Profit or Loss	Zakat charge for the period		(171)	(171)
Statement of Profit or Loss	Earnings per share	0.02	0.001	0.02

22. <u>IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL") AND SAMA</u> <u>PROGRAMS</u>

During March 2020, the World Health Organisation ("WHO") declared the Coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak as a pandemic in recognition of its rapid spread across the globe. This outbreak has also affected the GCC region including the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Governments all over the world took steps to contain the spread of the virus. Saudi Arabia in particular has implemented closure of borders, released social distancing guidelines and enforced country wide lockdowns and curfews.

Oil prices have also witnessed significant volatility during the current period, owing not just to demand issues arising from COVID-19 as the world economies go into lockdown, but also supply issues driven by production levels which had predated the pandemic. For the Company, whose operations are largely concentrated in an economy which is primarily based on oil, the economic impacts of the above events, though the scale and duration of which remains uncertain, primarily include:

- Significant business interruption arising from hinderance in generating new originations, travel restrictions and unavailability of personnel, etc.;
- Deterioration in credit worthiness of customers, in particular those working in 'highly exposed sectors' such as transportation, tourism, hospitality, entertainment, construction and retail; and
- A significant increase in economic uncertainty, evidenced by more volatile asset prices and currency exchange rates, and a general decline in interest rates globally.

Collectively, these current events and the prevailing conditions require the Company to analyse the likely impact of these events on the Company's business operations. The Board of Directors and the management of the Company have evaluated the current situation and accordingly, have activated its business continuity planning and other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption the COVID-19 outbreak may have on its operations and financial performance. These also include commencing review of credit exposure concentrations at granular economic sector, region and counterparty level, including consideration of impacts of government and SAMA support, collateral protection, timely review and rating action and appropriately restructuring loans where required.

BIDAYA HOME FINANCE COMPANY (A Saudi Closed Joint Stock Company) NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Saudi Arabian Riyals in '000) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

22. <u>IMPACT OF COVID-19 ON EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL") AND SAMA</u> <u>PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)</u>

Those events require the Company to revise certain inputs and assumptions used for the determination of expected credit losses ("ECL"). These would primarily revolve around adjusting macroeconomic factors used by the Company in estimation of expected credit losses. The adjustments to macroeconomic factors resulted in an additional ECL of SAR 0.1 million for the Company. As with any forecasts, the projections and likelihood of occurrence are underpinned by significant judgement and uncertainty, and therefore the actual outcomes may be different to those projected. The impact of such an uncertain economic environment is judgemental, and the Company will continue to reassess its position and the related impact on a regular basis.

At this point in time, it is difficult to ascertain the specific effects the health crisis and government and SAMA support measures in response, such as the repayment holidays and other mitigating packages, will have. The Company has therefore concluded that it was too early for any potential credit impairment to be reflected through application of the staging criteria, and focused on the macroeconomic model underpinning the PD and LGD determinations. The Company will continue to individually assess exposures as more reliable data becomes available, and accordingly determine if any adjustment in the ECL is required in subsequent reporting periods.

SAMA programs and initiatives launched

In response to COVID-19, SAMA launched the *Private Sector Financing Support Program* ("PSFSP") in March 2020 to provide the necessary support to the SME sector through empowering and facilitating the financing community. The PSFSP encompasses the '*Deferred payments program*' which is applicable on the Company.

As part of the deferred payments program, the Company is eligible for the deferral of its financing instalment payments to the banks and Saudi Real Estate Re-financing Company ("SRC") for a period of six months. The payment relief is considered as short-term liquidity support to assist the Company's cash flow position. The payment relief was provided by a bank and SRC by deferring the instalments falling due within the period from 14 March 2020 to 14 September 2020 for a period of six months, without increasing the facility tenor. The accounting impact of these amended terms to the Company's financing facilities has been treated as per the requirements of IFRS 9 as modifications in the terms of arrangement. This has resulted in the Company recognising a modification gain of SAR 4.53 million as at 31 March 2020, and this has been presented separately in the condensed interim statement of profit or loss. This gain will unwind in future periods up to the maturity of the financing facilities.

23. <u>APPROVAL OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

These condensed interim financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors' on 12 May 2020 (corresponding to 19 Ramadan 1441H).